

Data_Dump:	'Dump all 255 Memory locations
for b11 = 1 to 255	'For Each Memory Location
read b11, b12	'Read the EEPROM brain cell
sertxd (#b11,44,#b12,13,10)	'Print it on the F8 or F9 Screen
toggle 2	'Make a tick sound
next b11	'Play it again Sam
low 2	'Finish up leaving pin 2 in a low state
Read_Voltage:	'Battery Check when starting up each time
calibadc10 w1	'Read a 1.024 volts internal reference voltage.
w1 = 10230 / w1	'Rough calc b3 to 10'ths of a volt
goto Output_Data	'Go and Blink out the battery voltage as Volts and 1/10th of
Volt	
Data_Logger:	'Main Data Blinking and Storage Starts Here
for b11 = 0 to 255	'For each memory location
for b10 = 0 to 10	'Read the same value 10 - 25 times. Repeating increases
duration	
reasonable rate	'AND allows the present value to be observed at a
	'10x is good for 'over night (VERY approx).
	'25x = 24 hours
	'100x could be for a school week etc
Time_Delay:	
nap 8	'Save lots of power by sleeping between measuring 7=Fast
8=Medium 9=Slow	
Input_Readings:	'Reading Data starts here
Read_ADC_Pin_1:	'Take a reading
high 4	'Energise the sensor ONLY when needed to save power
readadc 1, w1	'Measure voltage ratio on pin 1 into Variable brain cell w1
input 4	'DE-Energise sensor to save power
Output_Data:	'Sending out the data starts at this point
Debugger:	'Debug is INVLUABLE if chosen to demonstrate binary /
CS aspects	
'debug	'LOOK at the gears and wheels, bits and bytes on the F6 Debug
Screen	
otherwise	'IF enabled and IF programming lead is plugged in. Disable

Math:

Pic-Math

$b21 = w1 / 100$

brain cell

$b22 = w1 / 10 // 10$

$b23 = w1 // 10$

Sound\_Beep\_Pitch:

$b0 = w1 // 64 + 64$

64

Hundreds:

do until b21 = 0

sound 2,(b0,50)

dec b21

nap 4

loop

nap 6

Tens:

do until b22 = 0

sound 2,(b0,25)

dec b22

nap 4

loop

nap 6

Ones:

do until b23 = 0

sound 2,(b0,5)

dec b23

nap 4

loop

nap 6

next b10

Store\_Data:

write b11,w1

sertxd (#b11,9,#b12,9,#w1,13,10)

next b11

'H+D+U Number crunching time (good example of

'Hundi Calculate Hundreds, place result into b21 RAM

'Tens: Shift right, MOD Divide result by 10 to get remainder of /10

'Ones: MOD Divide by 10 to get remainder of /10 I.e. Ones

'Set up an audible (shifting pitch) proportional to the data

'b0 is mod divided to get a 0 <> 64 range and then shifted UP by

end